

# TRIPLE ALLIANCE ON PACIFIC URGED BY LLOYD GEORGE

Says U. S. and British  
Foreign Policy Guarantees  
World Peace.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald  
and United Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 18.—In a speech, bristling with vital reference to Anglo-American relations, the problems of the Pacific, the Anglo-Japanese treaty and Great Britain's foreign policy generally, Premier Lloyd George laid down to the house of commons the decisions and agreements arrived at by the imperial conference defending the Japanese alliance and declaring, amid cheers, that Great Britain must have a navy equal to that of any other country in the world.

Taking up the question of the empire's naval defense, the premier declared that "the surest way to make a success of any disarmament conference is first to arrive at an understanding in the Pacific." The British Empire, he said, was convinced that it needed the complete friendship of America, and that every conceivable obstacle to that friendship should be removed.

Praises Japan's Loyalty.

Coming to the question of the Anglo-Japanese alliance and questions of the Pacific and disarmament, Lloyd George declared:

"There was a real test of our alliance during the late war and no one who watched what happened could come to any other conclusion than that it was faithfully and loyally carried out by our Japanese allies."

"It is to be suggested now that we turn around and say to them, 'Thank you. You stood by us in our trouble, but we don't need you any longer, so good-bye.' Would anybody behave like that in business? The British Empire must behave like a gentleman (cheers)."

"That doesn't mean that we are continuing an alliance against anyone else, and certainly not against the United States."

"It is a cardinal principle of the British policy, and it must be, that we should act in as complete accord with the United States as any two countries can. I do not see why it is impossible to remember our obligations to Japan and preserve their friendship for this great country and at the same time preserve the spirit of fraternity with the United States."

Hopeful of Pacific Solution.

"If the alliance with Japan could emerge into a greater understanding with Japan and with the United States of America in all the problems of the Pacific, that would be a great event which would be a guarantee for the peace of the world."

The surest way to make a success of any disarmament conference is first of all to reach an understanding in the Pacific, and I am still hopeful that that could be reached. The United States and the British Empire are in agreement upon the general principles of a world policy that ought to be the basis of an absolute guarantee of the peace of the world. I am still hoping that such an understanding will ensue as a result of the coming conference at Washington and will make us feel that that partnership will be established."

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## What Congress Did Yesterday.

### SENATE.

(Proceedings of August 18.)  
Met at noon and adjourned at 5:15 until noon today.

Adopted motion by Senator Sterling disagreeing to House substitute for Stanley amendment to anti-beer bill.

Senator Ashurst, as one of conferees on anti-beer bill, stated that he would not submit to House amendment permitting search and seizure of persons without warrant and manufacture of liquor in homes, even if he should have to withdraw, and delivered a speech on sanctity of the Fourth and Fifth amendments to the constitution, guaranteeing individual rights.

Senator Reed assailed Wayne H. Wheeler, general counsel of the anti-saloon league, as insolent for invading the privacy of the Senate and House conference on the anti-beer bill, also scored Representative Volstead, dry leader in Congress, in connection with the subcommittee of the House of an amendment permitting search and seizure and manufacture of liquor in homes for the Stanley amendment forbidding search and seizure without warrant.

Debate on good roads bill was temporarily laid aside pending discussion of conference action on anti-beer bill. Former measure retained unfinished business and action is probable today.

Received nomination of James W. Roberts, of Great Falls, Mont., to be collector of customs at Great Falls.

### Bill Introduced.

Hale, Maine (for Fernand)—Bill to carry out the findings of the Court of Claims in the case of Horace N. Bolster.

**W. R. E. Head Wants Bus Lines to Obey Car Rules**

Standards of service and regulations similar to those governing the Washington Railway and Electric Company should be prescribed for the motor buses, operating in competition with street railways, William R. E. Head, president of the W. R. E. told the Public Utilities Commission yesterday when it laid tentative rules and regulations before the bus owners.

Commissioner Kutz said the commission had no desire to discriminate between the companies and declared that a maximum capacity may be set for street cars as has been done for buses.

**Gave Police Fake Address.**

John White Bisco, 80 years old, who was arrested by Fourth precinct police Wednesday and charged with selling intoxicating liquor, gave his address as 410 1/2 Eighth street southwest. Upon investigation by Precinct Detective O. W. Mansfield this address was found to be erroneous. The police record of Bisco's address was changed to 1200 M street southwest.

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### Linkins Opposes Act.

Linkins, in opposing extension of the act, declared it made it difficult for owners to sell their property because tenants could force a delay of from three to four months in giving possession by taking the matter to the Rent Commission.

He said he had frequently advised clients not to rent their properties but to let them stand vacant if they really desired to sell. The Ball act makes the handling of property very difficult, he said, because the owners lose control of their property and it is almost impossible to evict an undesirable tenant.

He insisted there was no appreciable increase in rents during the past year and that the increase on rental of houses since the beginning of the war averaged about 20 per cent, while the increase on apartments was about 40 or 50 per cent.

Representatives Kunz and Hammer ridiculed this statement, declaring the increase was more like 100 per cent, while Mrs. Taylor pointed out in her statement that in some cases the increase reached as high as 300 per cent.

**"U. S. Creates Values."**

Representative Begg, of Ohio, who is not a member of the committee, but appeared at his own request, declared there is not a city in the country like Washington, because 50 per cent of the value of every man's money here is created by the Federal government.

There is not another city in the country, he said, that has as big a percentage of temporary citizens who cannot afford to buy property.

"If a man tells you he can rent any kind of property in the District of Columbia commensurate with the position he occupies he does not know what he is talking about," Mr. Begg said.

He then related some of his own experiences in securing living quarters, in which he said that he dealt with supposedly reliable real estate men, "who didn't stop short of fibel or anything else."

"I own an apartment house, myself, which I am renting for a fair rental from which I am getting a fair return on my money. I say to the real estate broker: 'You are the man who is causing the suffering to humanity.'"

**DEATHS**

O'CONNOR—On Thursday, August 18, 1921, at 12:30 p. m., WALTER A. (DICK), beloved husband of Isabella A. (nee White) and eldest son of Thomas J. and Julia O'Connor, in the 29th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, 1144 Morse street northeast, on Saturday at 9 a. m., thence to Holy Name Church where mass will be sung at 9:30 a. m. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

SWANK—On Wednesday, August 17, 1921, at 8:25 p. m., JAMES W. in the 86th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, 1512 Gale st. ne., Saturday, August 20, at 2 p. m. Friends and relatives respectfully invited to attend. Interment Glenwood Cemetery.

### HOUSE.

Met at 11 a. m. and adjourned at 11:05 until 11 a. m. today.

Began consideration of Fordney revenue measure.

### Reports.

From the select committee to investigate the escape of Grover Cleveland Heydolph, a report on the escape of the fugitive from the United States Disciplinary Barracks at Fort Jay, N. Y., which report was referred to the House Calendars.

**Executive Communications.**

From the Acting Secretary of the Navy, transmitting a tentative draft of a bill for the establishment and maintenance of Marine schools.

From the Secretary of War, transmitting a report of the Chief of Engineers on a preliminary examination of Carter's Creek, Va.

**Bills Introduced.**

Reich, Missouri—Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to convey certain lands in the State of Missouri for the enlargement of the State capital ground of Missouri.

**Joint Resolutions Introduced.**

Food, Virginia—Requesting the Secretary of State to furnish Congressional information concerning the implementation in France of American soldiers.

**Resolution Introduced.**

Cochran, New York—Authorizing the Speaker of the House of Representatives to appoint a special committee of nine members of the House to investigate charges concerning the address of the President before the Senate on July 12, 1921.

**Committee Meetings August 19.**

Banking and Currency, farm organization, 10:00; open.

Joint Commission on Agriculture Inquiry, 10:00; open. Mr. Kamper, of the National Retail Grocers' Association, Mr. Williams, of the National Board of Farm Organization.

**SEN. BALL SHOT AT; RENT ACT AUTHOR HAS SLIM ESCAPE**

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to use an umbrella to get to her bathroom on rainy days.

Many people who have put the savings of a life time toward the purchase of a home, she said, and after making three or four payments are unable to continue and are forced out on the streets again. Sinclair also declared the emergency which gave rise to the act still existed and that the situation was still grave. Instead of coming down with other commodities into the cost of living, he said, rents are still going up.

He declared that the information that landlords plan to make still further increases in October when the annual moving day takes place. It would be a great mistake to let the Ball act expire in October, he said.

Chapin Brown asserted there was practically no appeal, either for tenor of the Rent Commission because those decisions are accepted as final, and as there is no Municipal Court, and as there is no Appeals, the latter court refuses to permit appeals. He declared, however, that it was better that this was so.

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# PAN AMERICAN UNION CHOSEN PARLEY PLACE

Arms Conference May Be  
Given Use of D. A. R.  
Hall, Too.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

larger armament expenditure in the Senate Wednesday.

The suggestion that Woodrow Wilson be appointed was received coldly in administration quarters.

It was made clear that Wilson's work at Paris with some of the same men who are to sit at the disarmament conference was regarded as unfitting him for any place on the delegation.

**Varying Comments.**

Sensors commented on King's suggestion largely according to politics.

Senator Brandegee, of Connecticut, merely remarked that the suggestion was "interesting."

"Woodrow Wilson is infinitely better qualified than any living man for the post," declared Senator Pat Harrison, acting Democratic leader. "His appointment would be hailed by the country and the world."

"Yes," said Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, "Wilson would be better fitted intellectually and temperamentally than the two men appointed or any likely to be appointed. He, of course, should be the judge of what his health would permit in what promises to be an arduous labor."

Senator Ashurst, of Arizona, said: "All true friends of disarmament will agree that Wilson should be appointed. But if it's an honor he's had it. If a duty, he's done it."

**London Likes Idea.**

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The suggestion of Senator King that Woodrow Wilson be named a member of the United States disarmament conference delegation met with cordial approval in official circles here today.

Officials said Mr. Wilson would be an asset to the conference on account of his previous experience. Surprise was expressed, however, that his health permitted such a suggestion.

**Chinese Formally Accept Bid To Disarmament Conference**

China, like the United States, hopes to open wide and then eliminate entirely, if possible, problems of friction in the Far East during the forthcoming armament conference.

The Chinese government indicated this plainly in its formal note accepting President Harding's invitation to the conference on Pacific and Far Eastern questions.

"The American government, by declaring that it is not its purpose to attempt to define the scope of the discussion in relation to the Pacific and Far East," the Chinese note, "gives evidence of its readiness to be fair to all without any preconceived bias. The government of the Republic of China desires to take the same position, and will participate in the conference in the spirit of friendship and with a cordial appreciation of the importance of the elimination of the sources of controversy as stated in the American charge's note, and observe perfect frankness and cordiality in the exchange of views and in arriving at decisions to the end that the purpose of the President of the United States to promote universal peace may be fulfilled."

The note also mentioned that China desired "to co-operate on a footing of equality with other governments in this beneficent venture."

**Accord With U. S. Britain's First Policy, Premier Says**

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The cardinal principle of British foreign policy must be to continue in the most complete accord with the United States, Lloyd George told the house of commons in his speech on the empire's foreign program.

And if out of the disarmament conference at Washington, Japan and America merge with a great understanding respecting the problems of the Pacific, that event would guarantee the peace of the world, he declared.

Referring to the decisions of the imperial conference, the premier said he agreed that the British Empire "must have a naval force equal to that of any other country," a statement which brought forth cheers from the crowded benches.

"The surest way to make a success of any disarmament conference," the premier continued, "is first to reach an understanding in the Pacific."

"The British Empire desires the most complete friendship with America, and wants to help in making arrangements which will remove every conceivable obstacle to that friendship, the premier declared.

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# SENATE DEMANDS HOME PROTECTION FROM DRY AGENTS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

as any that had ever been raised in the Senate. It was, he said, the question of whether constitutional guarantees of the sanctity of a citizen's home were to be abandoned. "If it's a misdemeanor to violate the Volstead act, it ought to be a misdemeanor to deprive a free-born American citizen of his constitutional liberties," declared Brandegee. "The question of whether a doctor may prescribe beer, or whether he may prescribe a pint of whisky in ten days or a hundred, sinks into utter insignificance beside the constitutional question raised."

Brandegee said the House substitute offered no protection to the person of citizen.

"Has American liberty come to that?" he demanded. "If so, American citizens had better migrate and live under a monarchical government."

**Deals Admitting Wheeler.**

Senator Reed, of Missouri, asked Senator Sterling if it were true that Wayne H. Wheeler had been admitted to the conference when the public was barred, after quoting from a newspaper dispatch.

Sterling said it was not true, and that Wheeler had not entered the conference chamber until after the discussions had ended.

"I think it is a little bit impertinent for a Senator to make inquiries as to who was present at the conference," Sterling added. Then he said he would not answer any more questions.

**Reed Plays Wheeler.**

Reed then proceeded to a criticism of Wheeler, whom he characterized as a "paid lobbyist." His "interference" with the committee, Reed declared was "unwarranted and unmitigated insolence."

"It is unfair to admit only one side of a controversy," Reed declared. "If Wayne H. Wheeler, representing the Anti-Saloon League, is admitted why not admit a member of the Saloon League? I say that it is the business of the Senate to know, and that is not impertinence to ask."

**Wheeler in Gallery.**

Wheeler was in the galleries during Reed's attack. Shortly thereafter statements appeared in the press galleries, issued by Wheeler.

"The charge that I sat with the conference on the beer bill on the date mentioned is not true," Wheeler said.

He charged that Senator Reed and other wet Senators were filibustering against the bill, and that "the same beer interests that corrupted the politics of the nation are back of this beer bill."

Wheeler's statement provoked another attack from Reed when it was shown to him later in the day. He had it read in the Senate, and then charged Wheeler with an attempt to deceive.

"There is an old definition of a lie," said Reed, "as something that is intended to deceive. It may be literally true, but if it is circulated as an attempt to deceive, it is a falsehood. What business was it of this man to go to a conference to interfere with its business, whether before or after it had concluded its session?"

# DEMOCRATS HOPE TO DEFEAT REPEAL OF PROFIT TAXES

New Revenue Bill Will Be  
Open to Amendment  
Today.

An effort will be made in the House today to eliminate from the tax revision bill the repeal of the excess profits tax and higher-income surtaxes, Democratic members served notice during debate on the measure yesterday. The House debated the bill until 1:30 last night.

The tax bill will be open to amendments today, with the Ways and Means Committee changes taking precedence. After the committee amendments are disposed of, the Democrats will offer amendments striking out the repealer.

The House was thrown into an uproar during last night's debate, when Representative Byrnes, Democrat of South Carolina, charged that the majority members of the Ways and Means Committee had provided for repeal of the excess profits tax as a reward to wealthy contributors to the Republican campaign fund in 1920.

"That statement is a lie—it is absolutely false," shouted Representative Fordney.

During the five minutes that followed, half of the thirty members present attempted to gain the floor. Representative Byrnes finally withdrew his remarks.

**Repeal Dealer Tax.**

The committee yesterday voted to eliminate the tax of \$10 proposed on each soft drinks dealer. Other changes also were authorized, but of a minor nature.

Repeal of the soft drinks dealers' tax will reduce revenues by only \$10,000,000 annually, the committee estimated, and it was decided to strike the tax from the measure rather than withstand longer the criticism that was directed against it during debate in the House.

Another amendment adopted by the committee exempts from the income tax all money received by war veterans or their dependents as pensions or allowances. The

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# loss in revenue from this amend-

ment, it was estimated, would be very small.

The effort to strike the excess profits tax and higher-income surtaxes from the bill will take the form of a motion to recommit the measure with instructions that these provisions be eliminated. Democratic leaders asserted yesterday that the rule under which the bill is being considered enables the Republicans to prevent them from offering straight amendments, if they so desired, by ending consideration of amendments after the committee amendments are disposed of.

**Continue Attack on G. O. P.**

The Democrats yesterday continued their denunciation of the bill as a measure designed to aid only the rich. Representatives Oldfield, of Arkansas and Cockran, of New York, declared it would lift the tax burden from the wealthy and place additional burden upon the poor.

Representative Treadway, of Massachusetts, and Representative Longworth, of Ohio, Republican members of the committee, replying to the attack, said that the bill is an honest attempt to carry out the Republican campaign pledges. They declared that it would relieve the tax burdens of both the rich and the poor, and should stabilize business conditions by relieving business of the burden of the excess profits tax.

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